Master Module Proteinbiochemistry and Bioinformatics November 2025

Session: Protein interaction networks

3. Resources for protein interactions

How can I use protein interaction data in biological research?

What is the function of my gene of interest?





Is the protein of my interest part of a protein complex?

Can I find new protein complexes?



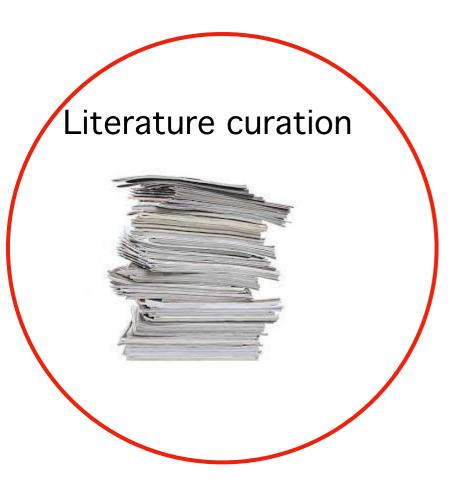


I found 20 genes in my screen that rescued phenotype X:

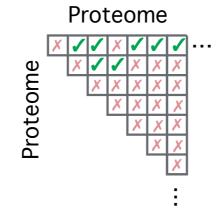
- do these genes work in the same biological process?
- are these genes part of the same protein complex?
- -> do these proteins (tend to) interact with each other?

My protein has many interaction partners, does it mean that it is of functional importance?





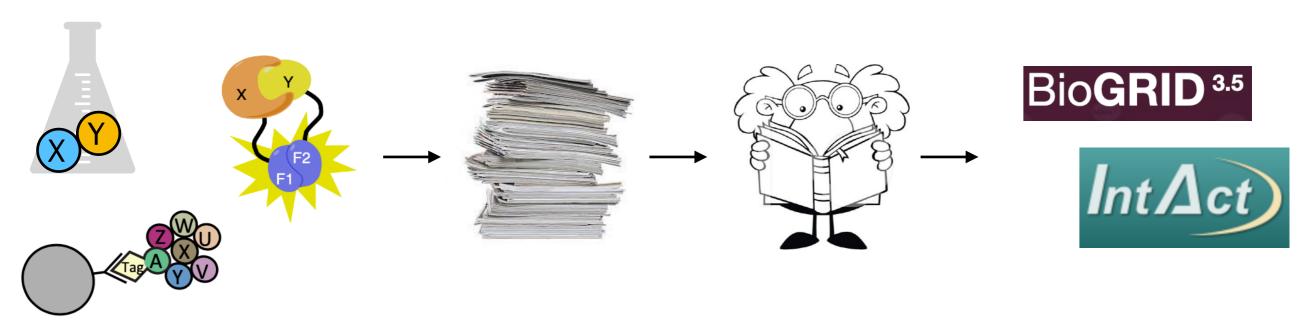
Interactome mapping



Prediction

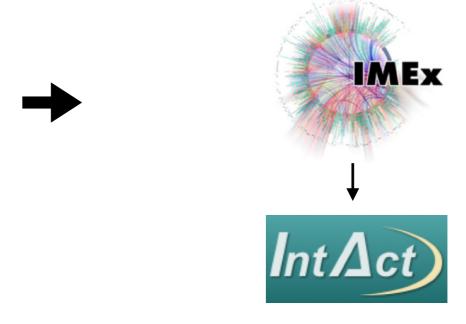


Literature curation



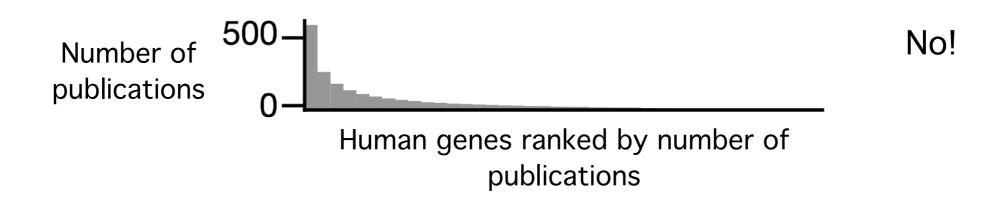
Which information for a published interaction should be curated?

IMEx consortium to standardize curation efforts

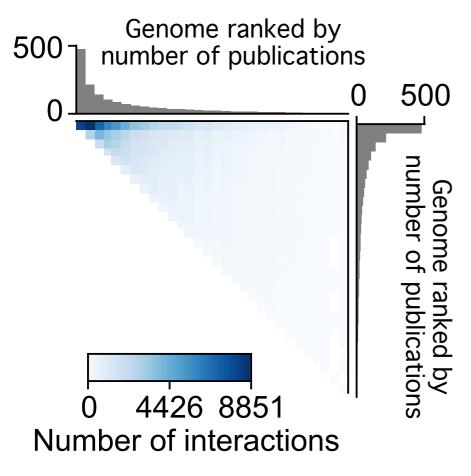


Literature curation

Are human genes/proteins equally well studied?



What does this mean for availability of protein interactions?

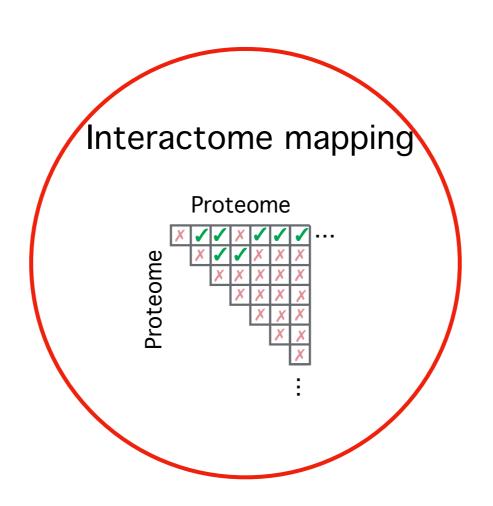


Key facts

- quite comprehensive
- mix of different interaction types
- biased towards well-studied genes

Literature curation



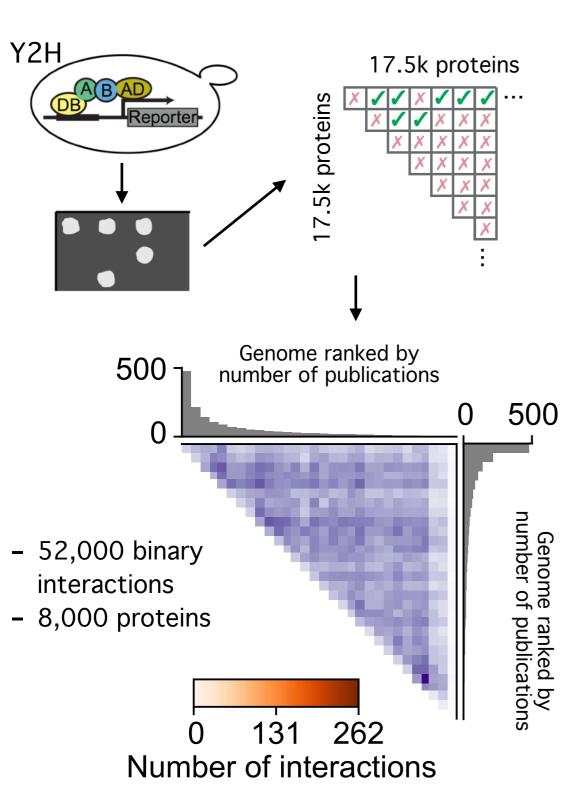


Prediction

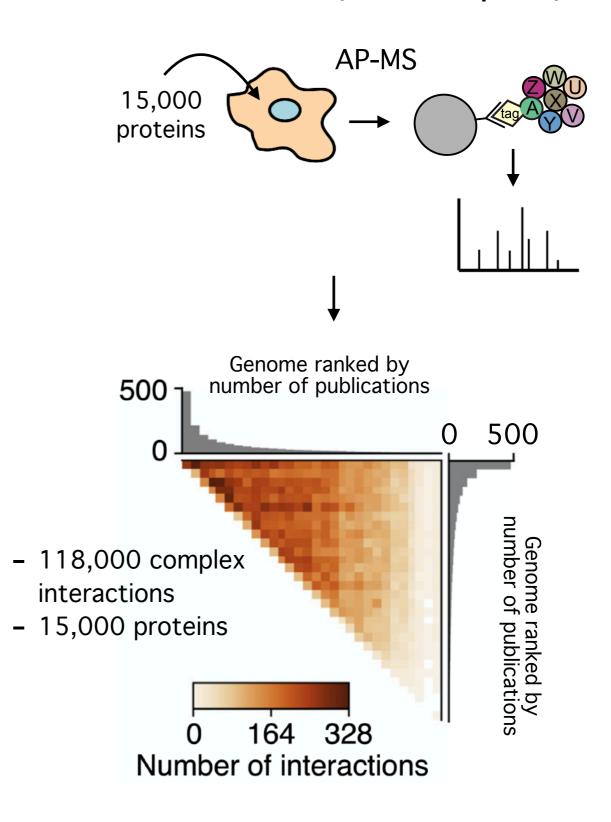


Systematic protein interactome mapping

HuRI (binary)



BioPlex (co-complex)



Luck et al Nature 2020 Huttlin et al Cell 2021

Systematic protein interaction mapping

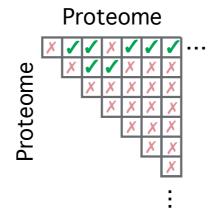
Key facts

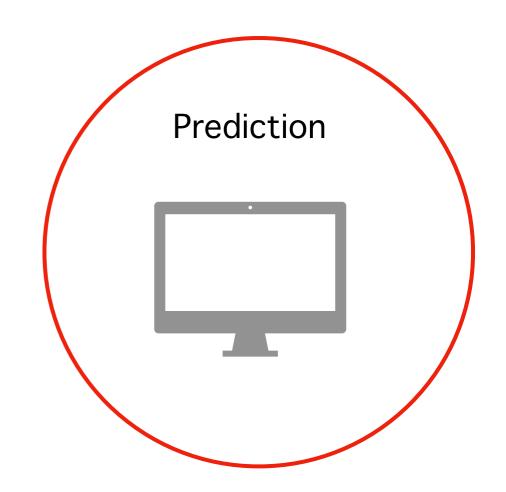
- systematic -> not biased towards highly studied genes
- highly controlled experiments
- well documented
- not as comprehensive as curated protein interaction resources

Literature curation



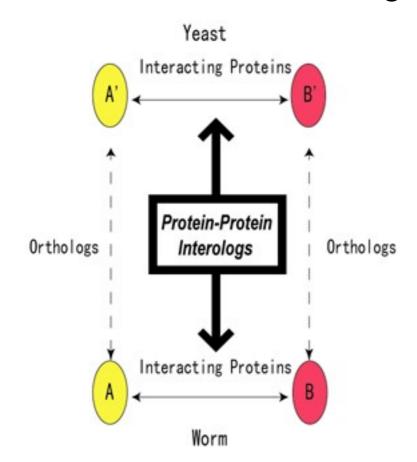
Systematic mapping



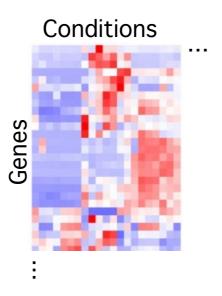


Prediction of protein interactions

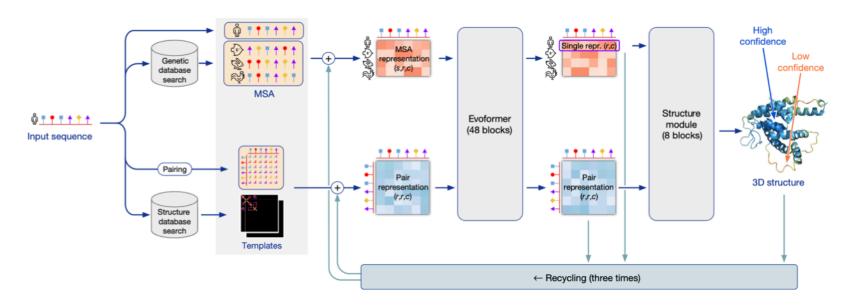
- Identification of interologs



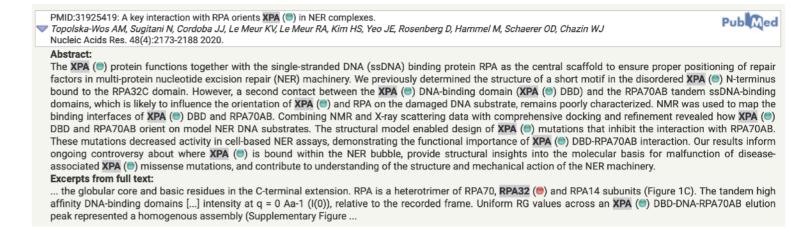
 Co-evolution, co-regulation, co-occurrence



- Structure-based modeling - AlphaFold



Textmining



Prediction of protein interactions

Key facts

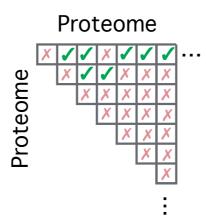
- high false positive rate
- highly biased (orthologs, structures available)
- for some species only way to get protein interaction data

Literature curation



Prediction























Exercise: Explore STRING DB



1st part:

- Explore the STRING DB (<u>string-db.org</u>) with the help of the questions (STRING_questions.txt) and input list of proteins (STRING_input_28_genes.txt) provided
- Take notes and/or screenshots of your observations



I found 28 genes in my screen that are likely associated with Neurodevelopmental disorders:

- do these genes work in the same biological process?
- are these genes part of the same protein complex?
- -> do these proteins (tend to) interact with each other?

2nd part:

20 min

Discussion of results with everyone

Exercise: Explore protein interaction databases

Take home messages

- STRING contains predicted and experimentally based protein associations -> only a small fraction corresponds to actual protein interactions
- You can filter your search results based on your question/interest
 -> make use of it to get a meaningful output
- STRING provides many tools to analyse and explore your network
- Make sure you understand the content of a bioinformatic resource before using it